

Semicustom

CMOS

Embedded array

CE81 Series

■ DESCRIPTION

The CE81 series 0.18 μm CMOS embedded array is a line of highly integrated CMOS ASICs featuring high speed and low power consumption.

This series incorporates up to 34 million gates which have a gate delay time of 12 ps, resulting in both integration and speed about three times higher than conventional products.

In addition, CE81 series can operate at a power-supply voltage of down to 1.1 V, substantially reducing power consumption.

■ FEATURES

- Technology : 0.18 μm silicon-gate CMOS, 3- to 5-layer wiring
 - Supply voltage : + 1.8 V \pm 0.15 V (normal) to + 1.1 V \pm 0.1 V
 - Junction temperature range : -40 to $+125$ °C
 - Gate delay time : $t_{pd} = 12$ ps (1.8 V, inverter, F/O = 1)
 - Gate power consumption : $P_d = 8$ nW/MHz/BC (1.1 V, 2-NAND, F/O = 1)
 - High-load driving capability : $I_{OL} = 2/4/8/12$ mA mixable
 - Output buffer cells with noise reduction circuits
 - Inputs with on-chip input pull-up/pull-down resistors (33 k Ω typical) and bidirectional buffer cells
 - Buffer cells dedicated to crystal oscillator
 - Special interface : P-CML, LVDS, PCI, AGP, USB, SDRAM-I/F, SSTL, and others (including those under development)
 - IP macros : CPU, DSP, PCI, IEEE1394, USB, IrDA, PLL, ADC, DAC, and others (including those under development)
 - Capable of incorporating compiled cells (RAM/ROM/multiplier, and others)
 - Configurable internal bus circuits
 - Advanced hardware/software co-design environment
 - Short-term development using a timing driven layout tool
 - Support for static timing sign-off
- Dramatically reducing the time for generating test vectors for timing verification and the simulation time

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CE81 Series

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- Hierarchical design environment for supporting large-scale circuits
- Simulation (before layout) considering the input slew rate and detailed RC delay calculation (after layout) , supporting development with minimized timing trouble after trial manufacture
- Support for memory (RAM/ROM) SCAN
- Support for memory (RAM) BIST
- Support for boundary SCAN
- Support for path delay test
- A variety of package options (TQFP, HQFP, EBGA, FBGA, TAB-BGA, LQFP)

■ MACRO LIBRARY (Including macros being prepared)

1. Logic cells (about 800 types)

- Adder
- AND-OR Inverter
- Clock Buffer
- Latch
- NAND
- AND
- NOR
- SCAN Flip Flop
- ENOR
- AND-OR
- Decoder
- Non-SCAN Flip Flop
- Inverter
- Buffer
- OR-AND Inverter
- OR
- Selector
- BUS Driver
- EOR
- Others

2. IP macros

CPU/DSP	FR, SPARClite, standard CPU (under preparation) Communications DSP, DSP for AV
Interface macro	PCI, IEEE1394, USB, IrDA, etc.
Multimedia processing macros	JPEG, MPEG, etc.
Mixed signal macros	ADC, DAC, OPAMP, etc.
Compiled macros	RAM, ROM, multiplier, adder, multiplier-accumulator, etc.
PLL	Analog PLL, digital PLL

3. Special I/O interface macros

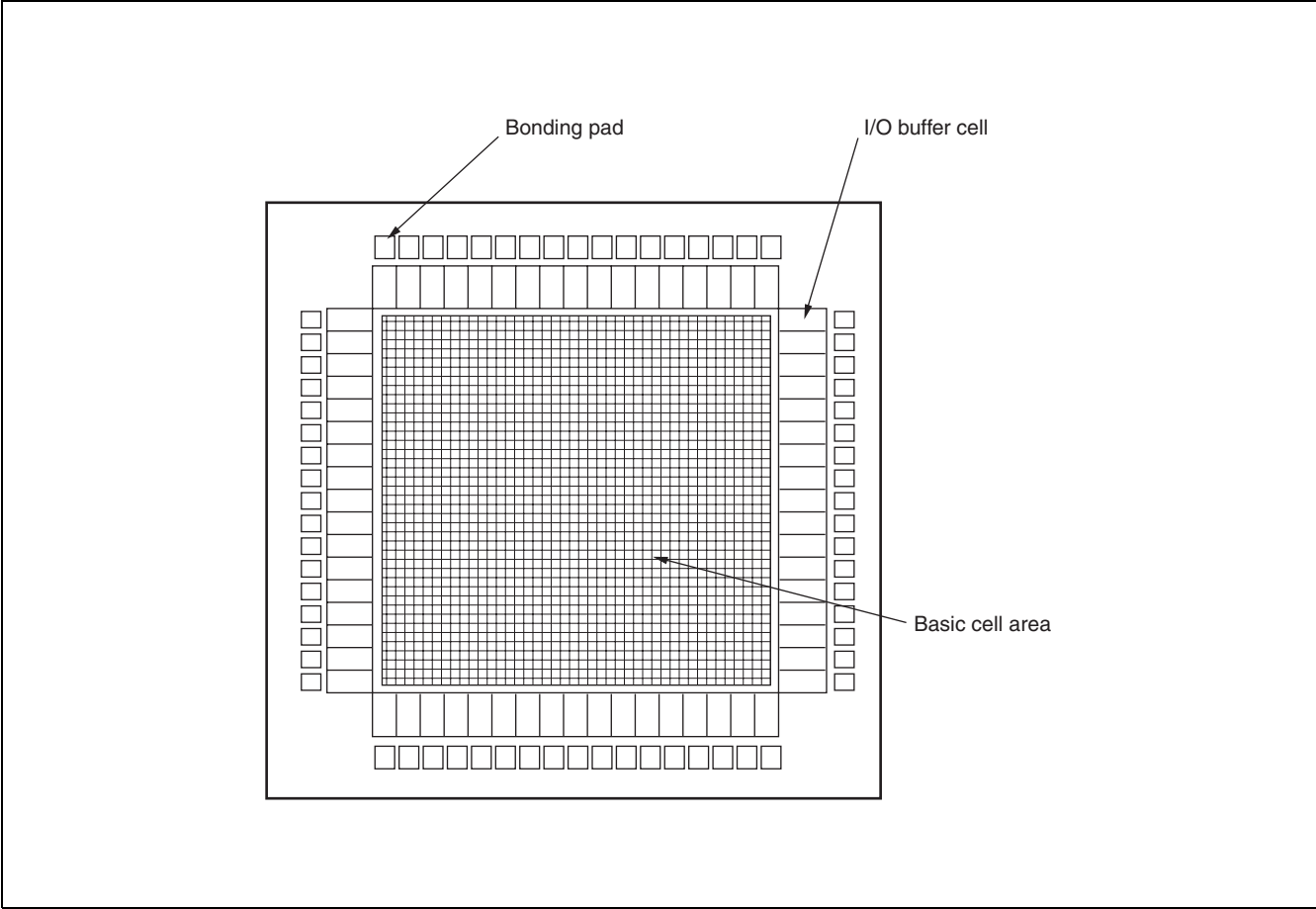
- T-LVTTL
- LVDS
- IEEE1394
- SSTL
- PCI
- HSTL
- AGP
- P-CML
- USB

■ CHIP STRUCTURE

The chip layout of the CE81 series consists of two major areas : chip peripheral area and basic cell area.

The chip peripheral area contains the input/output buffer cells for interfacing with external devices and the associated bonding pads. The basic cell area contains some of input/output buffer cells, the unit cells and the compiled cells.

- Chip configuration



CE81 Series

■ COMPILED CELLS

Compiled cells are macro cells which are automatically generated with the bit/word configuration specified. The CE81 series has the following types of compiled cells (Note that each macro is different in word/bit range depending on the column type).

1. Clock synchronous single-port RAM (1 address : 1 RW)

- High density/Partial write type

Column type	Memory capacity	Word range	Bit range	Unit
4	16 to 72 K	16 to 1 K	1 to 72	Bit
16	64 to 72 K	64 to 4 K	1 to 18	Bit

- High speed type

Column type	Memory capacity	Word range	Bit range	Unit
8	256 to 144 K	64 to 2 K	4 to 72	Bit

- Large scale partial write type

Column type	Memory capacity	Word range	Bit range	Unit
16	24.5 K to 1179 K	4 to 16 K	6 to 72	Bit

2. Clock synchronous dual-port RAM (2 addresses : 1 RW, 1 R)

- High density/Partial write type

Column type	Memory capacity	Word range	Bit range	Unit
4	16 to 72 K	16 to 1 K	1 to 72	Bit
16	64 to 72 K	64 to 4 K	1 to 18	Bit

3. Clock synchronous register file (3 addresses : 1 W, 2 R)

Column type	Memory capacity	Word range	Bit range	Unit
1	4608	4 to 64	1 to 72	Bit

4. Clock synchronous register file (4 addresses : 2 W, 2 R)

Column type	Memory capacity	Word range	Bit range	Unit
1	4608	4 to 64 K	1 to 72	Bit

5. Clock synchronous ROM (1 addresses : 1 R)

Column type	Memory capacity	Word range	Bit range	Unit
16	256 to 512 K	128 to 4 K	2 to 128	Bit

6. Clock synchronous delay line memory (2 addresses : 1 W, 1 R)

Column type	Memory capacity	Word range	Bit range	Unit
8	256 to 32 K	32 to 1 K	8 to 32	Bit
16	384 to 32 K	64 to 2 K	6 to 16	Bit
32	512 to 32 K	128 to 4 K	4 to 8	Bit

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Rating		Unit
		Min	Max	
Supply voltage*1	V _{DD}	-0.5	+2.5 *2	V
			+4.0 *3	
Input voltage*1	V _I	-0.5	V _{DD} +0.5 (≤ 2.5 V) *2	V
			V _{DD} +0.5 (≤ 4.0 V) *3	
Output voltage*1	V _O	-0.5	V _{DD} +0.5 (≤ 2.5 V) *2	V
			V _{DD} +0.5 (≤ 4.0 V) *3	
Storage temperature	T _{st}	-55	+125	°C
Junction temperature	T _j	-40	+125	°C
Output current *4	I _o	—	±4	mA
Input signal transmitting rate	R _i	—	Clock Input *5 : 200 Normal Input : 100	Mbps *6
Output signal transmitting rate	R _o	—	100	Mbps *6
Output load capacitance	C _o	—	3000/R _o	pF
Continuous time of indefinite input signal	t _z	—	10	ms
Supply pin current	I _b	—	*7	mA

*1 : The parameter is based on V_{SS} = 0 V.

*2 : Internal gate part in case of signal power supply or dual power supply

*3 : I/O part in case 3.3 V I/F or 2.5 V I/F is used by dual power supply

*4 : DC current which continues more than 10 ms, or average DC current

*5 : In case of using I/O cell for clock input

*6 : bps = bit per second

*7 : Supply pin current for one V_{DD}/GND pin

Frame	Source type	Maximum current [mA]		Number of layer
		Standard source	Additional source	
YS/S, YI/I	V _{DDE} , V _{DDI} , V _{DD} , V _{SS}	68	68	4, 5
	V _{DDE}	39	39	3
	V _{DDI} , V _{DD} , V _{SS}	68	68	
A	V _{DDE} , V _{DDI} , V _{DD} , V _{SS}	34	34	—
B	V _{DDE} , V _{DDI} , V _{DD} , V _{SS}	43	30	—

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

CE81 Series

■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

- Single power supply ($V_{DD} = +1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.15\text{ V}$)

($V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Supply voltage (1.8 V supply voltage)	V_{DD}	1.65	1.8	1.95	V
“H” level input voltage (1.8 V CMOS)	V_{IH}	$V_{DD} \times 0.65$	—	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
“L” level input voltage (1.8 V CMOS)	V_{IL}	-0.3	—	$V_{DD} \times 0.35$	V
Junction temperature	T_j	-40	—	+125	°C

- Dual power supply ($V_{DDE} = +3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = +1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.15\text{ V}$)

($V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Supply voltage	1.8 V supply voltage	V_{DDI}	1.65	1.8	1.95	V
	3.3 V supply voltage	V_{DDE}	3.0	3.3	3.6	
“H” level input voltage	1.8 V CMOS	V_{IH}	$V_{DD} \times 0.65$	—	$V_{DDI} + 0.3$	V
	3.3 V CMOS		2.0	—	$V_{DDE} + 0.3$	
“L” level input voltage	1.8 V CMOS	V_{IL}	-0.3	—	$V_{DD} \times 0.35$	V
	3.3 V CMOS		-0.3	—	+0.8	
Junction temperature		T_j	-40	—	+125	°C

- Dual power supply ($V_{DDE} = +3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = +1.5\text{ V} \pm 0.1\text{ V} / +1.1\text{ V} \pm 0.1\text{ V}$)

($V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Supply voltage		V_{DDE}	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
		V_{DDI}	1.0	1.1	1.2	V
			1.4	1.5	1.6	V
“H” level input voltage	3.3 V CMOS	V_{IH}	2.0	—	$V_{DDE} + 0.3$	V
“L” level input voltage	3.3 V CMOS	V_{IL}	-0.3	—	+0.8	V
Junction temperature		T_j	-40	—	+125	°C

- Dual power supply ($V_{DDE} = +2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = +1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.15\text{ V}$)

($V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Supply voltage		V_{DDE}	2.3	2.5	2.7	V
		V_{DDI}	1.65	1.8	1.95	V
“H” level input voltage	1.8 V CMOS	V_{IH}	$V_{DDI} \times 0.65$	—	$V_{DDI} + 0.3$	V
	2.5 V CMOS		1.7	—	$V_{DDE} + 0.3$	V
“L” level input voltage	1.8 V CMOS	V_{IL}	-0.3	—	$V_{DDI} \times 0.35$	V
	2.5 V CMOS		-0.3	—	+0.7	V
Junction temperature		T_j	-40	—	+125	°C

- Dual power supply ($V_{DDE} = +2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = +1.5\text{ V} \pm 0.1\text{ V} / +1.1\text{ V} \pm 0.1\text{ V}$)

($V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Supply voltage		V_{DDE}	2.3	2.5	2.7	V
		V_{DDI}	1.0	1.1	1.2	V
			1.4	1.5	1.6	V
“H” level input voltage	2.5 V CMOS	V_{IH}	1.7	—	$V_{DDE} + 0.3$	V
“L” level input voltage	2.5 V CMOS	V_{IL}	-0.3	—	+0.7	V
Junction temperature		T_j	-40	—	+125	°C

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device’s electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their representatives beforehand.

CE81 Series

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. DC CHARACTERISTICS

- Static supply current (single power supply/Dual power supply)

A frame

Frame	A4	A5	A6	A7	A8	A9	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE
CATLG value [mA]	0.5	0.7	1	1.4	2	2.6	3.3	4	4.6	5.3	6.6

S frame

Frame	SA	SB	SC	SD	SE	SF	SG
CATLG value [mA]	3.7	4.4	5	5.8	7.1	9.2	10.9

I frame

Frame	I1	I2	I3	I4	I5	I6	I7	I8	I9	IA
CATLG value [mA]	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2	1.5	2	2.8	3.4

Note : When the memory is in a standby mode and analog macro is in a power-down mode. At both cases, conditions are $V_{IH} = V_{DD}$, $V_{IL} = V_{SS}$, and $T_j = +25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. The above values may not be guaranteed when the input buffer with a pull-up/pull-down resistor or a crystal oscillator buffer is used.

The above values may not be guaranteed when a High-speed cell library is used.

- Single power supply : $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{ V}$

($V_{DD} = 1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.15\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, $T_j = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Supply current	I_{DDs}	—	—	—	*	mA
“H” level output voltage	V_{OH}	$I_{OH} = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DD} - 0.2$	—	V_{DD}	V
“L” level output voltage	V_{OL}	$I_{OL} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	0	—	0.2	V
“H” level output V-I characteristics	—	$V_{DD} = 1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.15\text{ V}$	—	—	—	—
“L” level output V-I characteristics	—	$V_{DD} = 1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.15\text{ V}$	—	—	—	—
Input leakage current	I_L	—	—	—	± 5	μA
Pull-up/pull-down resistance	R_P	Pull-up $V_{IL} = 0$ Pull-down $V_{IH} = V_{DD}$	—	18	—	$\text{k}\Omega$

* : Refer to the table on the previous page “Static supply current (single power supply/Dual power supply)”.

- **Dual power supply** : $V_{DDE} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 1.8 \text{ V} / 1.5 \text{ V} / 1.1 \text{ V}$
 $(V_{DDE} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}, V_{DDI} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V} / 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V} / 1.1 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_j = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C to } +125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Supply current	I_{DDs}	—	—	—	*1	mA
“H” level output voltage	V_{OH4}	3.3 V output $I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{DDE} - 0.2$	—	V_{DDE}	V
	V_{OH2}	1.8 V output $I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{DDI} - 0.2$	—	V_{DDI}	V
“L” level output voltage	V_{OL4}	3.3 V output $I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	0	—	0.2	V
	V_{OL2}	1.8 V output $I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	0	—	0.2	V
“H” level output V-I characteristics	—	3.3 V $V_{DDE} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	*2			—
		1.8 V $V_{DDI} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$	—			—
“L” level output V-I characteristics	I_{OL}	3.3 V $V_{DDE} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	*2			—
		1.8 V $V_{DDE} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$	—			—
Input leakage current	I_L	—	—	—	± 5	μA
Pull-up/pull-down resistance	R_P	1.8 V Pull up $V_{IL} = 0$ Pull down $V_{IH} = V_{DDI}$	—	18	—	k Ω
		3.3 V Pull up $V_{IL} = 0$ Pull down $V_{IH} = V_{DDE}$	10	33	80	

*1 : Refer to the table on the previous page “Static supply current (single power supply/Dual power supply) ”.

*2 : Refer to the “• V-I Characteristics” Fig. 1, Fig. 2.

CE81 Series

- **Dual power supply** : $V_{DDE} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 1.8 \text{ V} / 1.5 \text{ V} / 1.1 \text{ V}$
 $(V_{DDE} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}, V_{DDI} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V} / 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V} / 1.1 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_j = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C to } +125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Supply current	I_{DDs}	—	—	—	*	mA
“H” level output voltage	V_{OH3}	2.5 V output $I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{DDE} - 0.2$	—	V_{DDE}	V
	V_{OH2}	1.8 V output $I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$	$V_{DDI} - 0.2$	—	V_{DDI}	V
“L” level output voltage	V_{OL3}	2.5 V output $I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	0	—	0.2	V
	V_{OL2}	1.8 V output $I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	0	—	0.2	V
“H” level output V-I characteristics	I_{OH}	2.5 V $V_{DDE} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	—			—
		1.8 V $V_{DDI} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$	—			—
“L” level output V-I characteristics	I_{OL}	2.5 V $V_{DDE} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	—			—
		1.8 V $V_{DDI} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$	—			—
Input leakage current	I_L	—	—	—	± 5	μA
Pull-up/pull-down resistance	R_P	1.8 V Pull up $V_{IL} = 0$ Pull down $V_{IH} = V_{DDI}$	—	18	—	k Ω
		2.5 V Pull up $V_{IL} = 0$ Pull down $V_{IH} = V_{DDE}$	—	25	—	

* : Refer to the table on the previous page “Static supply current (single power supply/Dual power supply) ”.

• V-I Characteristics

Min : Process = Slow, $T_j = +125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.6\text{ V}$
 Typ : Process = Typical, $T_j = +25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$
 Max : Process = Fast, $T_j = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$

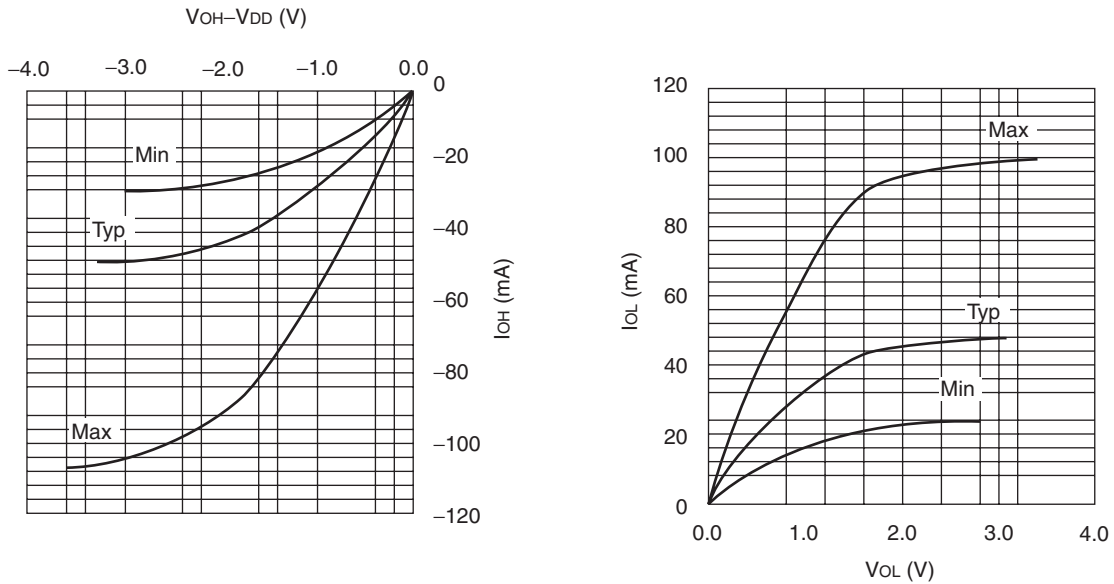


Fig.1 V-I characteristics (3.3 V normal I/O L, M type)

Min : Process = Slow, $T_j = +125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.6\text{ V}$
 Typ : Process = Typical, $T_j = +25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$
 Max : Process = Fast, $T_j = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$

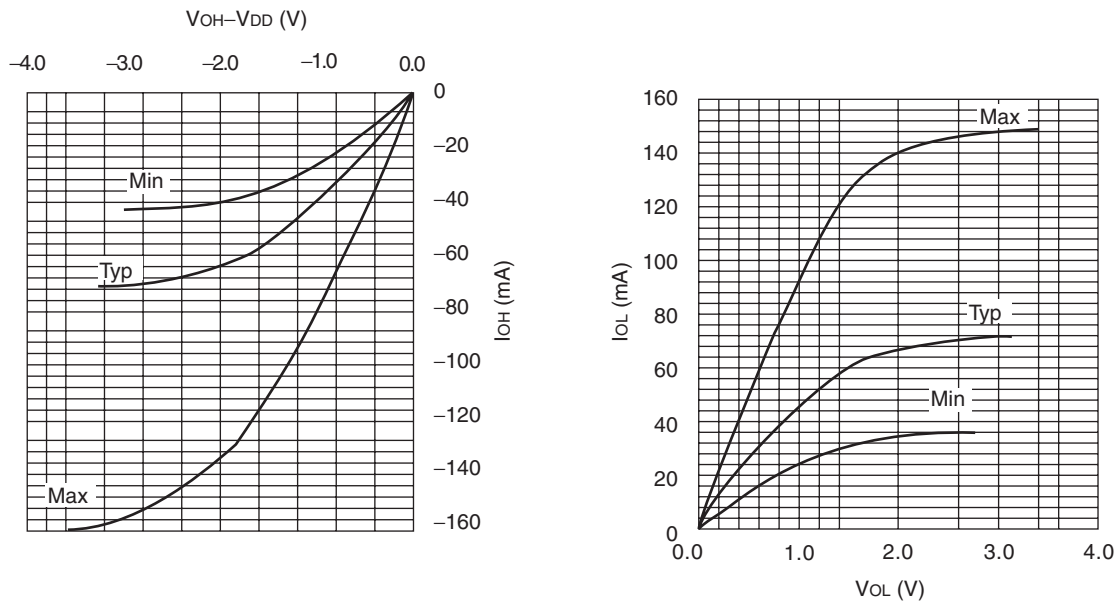


Fig.2 V-I characteristics (3.3 V normal I/O H, V type)

CE81 Series

2. AC Characteristics

($V_{DD} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_j = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Delay time	t_{pd}^{*1}	$typ^{*2} \times tmin^{*3}$	$typ^{*2} \times ttyp^{*3}$	$typ^{*2} \times tmax^{*3}$	ns

*1 : Delay time = propagation delay time, Enable time, Disable time

*2 : "typ" is calculated based on the cell specification.

*3 : Measurement conditions.

Measurement condition	tmin	ttyp	tmax
$V_{DD} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_j = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	0.60	1.00	1.64
$V_{DD} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_j = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	0.84	1.57	2.84
$V_{DD} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_j = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	1.14	2.22	4.09

Note : $t_{pd \text{ max}}$ is calculated according to the maximum junction temperature (T_j) .

■ INPUT/OUTPUT PIN CAPACITANCE

($f = 1 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{DD} = V_i = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_a = +25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input pin	C_{IN}	Max 16	pF
Output pin	C_{OUT}	Max 16	pF
I/O pin	$C_{I/O}$	Max 16	pF

Note : Capacitance varies according to the package and the location of the pin.

■ DESIGN METHOD

Linking a floor plan tool and a logic synthesis tool enables automatic circuit optimization using floor plan information. In addition, also available are CDDM (Clock Driven Design Method) clock tree synthesis tools using floor plan information. Using floor plan information at a pre-layout stage prevents major problems with setup and hold timings which can occur after layout. Using a hierarchical layout method to support larger-scale circuit design considerably shortens the overall design cycle time.

■ PACKAGES

The table below lists the package types available and the reference number of gates used.

Consult Fujitsu Microelectronics for the combination of each package and the availability.

• Number of gates used and package types

Package & Pin Count		Pin Pitch (mm)	0 2000k 4000k 6000k 8000k 10000k 12000k 14000k 16000k 18000k 20000k
T A B I B G A	304	0.80	— 891k
	352	0.80	— 1254k
	480	1.00	— 1905k
	560	1.00	— 2689k
	660	1.00	— 3609k
	720	1.00	— 9129k
E B G A	576	1.27	— 5982k
	660	1.00	— 12727k
	672	1.27	— 7952k
H Q F P	208	0.50	— 1098k
	240	0.50	— 2085k
	256	0.40	— 3764k
	304	0.50	— 4712k
	304	0.50	— 15158k
T Q F P	100	0.50	— 514k
	120	0.40	— 514k
L Q F P	144	0.50	— 722k
	176	0.50	— 963k
	208	0.50	— 1098k
F B G A	112	0.80	— 514k
	176	0.80	— 722k
	192	0.80	— 1098k
	240	0.50	— 2697k
	272	0.80	— 1550k
	288	0.75	— 2697k

Note : The packages that can be used depend on the circuit configuration. For details, contact Fujitsu Microelectronics.

MEMO

MEMO

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS LIMITED

Shinjuku Dai-Ichi Seimei Bldg. 7-1, Nishishinjuku 2-chome, Shinjuku-ku,
Tokyo 163-0722, Japan Tel: +81-3-5322-3347 Fax: +81-3-5322-3387
<http://jp.fujitsu.com/fml/en/>

For further information please contact:

North and South America

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS AMERICA, INC.
1250 E. Arques Avenue, M/S 333
Sunnyvale, CA 94085-5401, U.S.A.
Tel: +1-408-737-5600 Fax: +1-408-737-5999
<http://www.fma.fujitsu.com/>

Europe

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS EUROPE GmbH
Pittlerstrasse 47, 63225 Langen,
Germany
Tel: +49-6103-690-0 Fax: +49-6103-690-122
<http://emea.fujitsu.com/microelectronics/>

Korea

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS KOREA LTD.
206 KOSMO TOWER, 1002 Daechi-Dong,
Kangnam-Gu, Seoul 135-280
Korea
Tel: +82-2-3484-7100 Fax: +82-2-3484-7111
<http://www.fmk.fujitsu.com/>

Asia Pacific

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS ASIA PTE LTD.
151 Lorong Chuan, #05-08 New Tech Park,
Singapore 556741
Tel: +65-6281-0770 Fax: +65-6281-0220
<http://www.fujitsu.com/sg/services/micro/semiconductor/>

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS SHANGHAI CO., LTD.
Rm.3102, Bund Center, No.222 Yan An Road(E),
Shanghai 200002, China
Tel: +86-21-6335-1560 Fax: +86-21-6335-1605
<http://cn.fujitsu.com/fmc/>

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS PACIFIC ASIA LTD.
10/F., World Commerce Centre, 11 Canton Road
Tsimshatsui, Kowloon
Hong Kong
Tel: +852-2377-0226 Fax: +852-2376-3269
<http://cn.fujitsu.com/fmc/tw>

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